Name:	Date:

WORKSHEET 5-20

Biomes: Matching

Select the proper terms listed in the right-hand column to match the statements in the left-hand column. Write the letter of the term in the blank.

X A chart or graph containing monthly precipitation and temperature data for an area 2. Regions of the Earth characterized by distinct plants and animals 3. A biome in which grasses predominate 4. A scientist who studies the relationship between organisms and their environments 5. A collective term for all of the ocean biomes 6. Comprised of deciduous trees, this biome experiences four definite seasonal changes annually. 7. A unit of geographical distance on a map north and south of the equator 8. Found at the northernmost latitudes, this biome receives precipitation mostly in the form of snow. 9. The tropical rain forest biome ____ 10. A collective term for all of the land biomes ____ 11. The tundra biome ___ 12. Made up primarily of cone-bearing trees, this biome is located just south of the tundra. ____ 13. Located in the equatorial regions, this biome experiences heavy rainfall throughout the year and a constant very warm temperature.

___ 14. This biome receives less than 25 cm of rain per

ence a wide range of temperatures.

____ 15. The temperate deciduous forest biome

year, has a high evaporation rate, and can experi-

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- a. marine
- b. terrestrial
- c. tundra
- d. grassland
- e. desert
- f. temperate deciduous forest
- g. biome
- h. coniferous forest
- X climatogram
- j. ecologist
- k. latitude
- l. tropical rain forest
- m. biome that receives most annual rainfall
- n. biome that receives least annual rainfall
- o. biome that comprises the eastern United States/Canada

Ecology Match-Up

Goal • Review terms related to biological hierarchy and ecosystems.

What to Do

Match the description in column A with the correct term in column B. Place the letter for the term on the line beside the description.

	A	В
1	an environment with a characteristic climate	(a) cell
2.	different species (such as oak trees, squirrels, crickets, snakes, and mice) living in an area	(b) tissue
	(such as a forest)	(c) ecosystem
3.	the non-living components of an ecosystem	(d) organ system
4.	the basic structural and functional unit of life	(e) abiotic
5.	members of the same species (such as deer) living in the same area (such as a wood)	(f) population
	,	(g) sustainability
6.	the living components of an ecosystem	(h) biome
7.	many similar cells working together on a common function	(i) biosphere
8.	the digestive system	(j) biotic
9.	very large areas on Earth that support life	(k) organ
10.	the heart	(l) community